



Arcturus, Queensland: An Introduction

Tehani J Kuske



APPLYING GEOSCIENCE TO AUSTRALIA'S MOST IMPORTANT CHALLENGES



Acknowledgements



Australian Government

Geoscience Australia

- Andrew Feitz
- Henry Berko



- Steve Zegelin
- Zoe Loh
- David Etheridge

We are voluntary contributors to OzFlux/TERN

Arcturus: Semi-arid cropping and grazing



Arcturus, Central Queensland, Australia



GHG atmospheric monitoring station

GEOSCIENCE AUSTRALIA

Geoscience Australia) 2012

OzFlux Meeting 4 – 6 July 2012



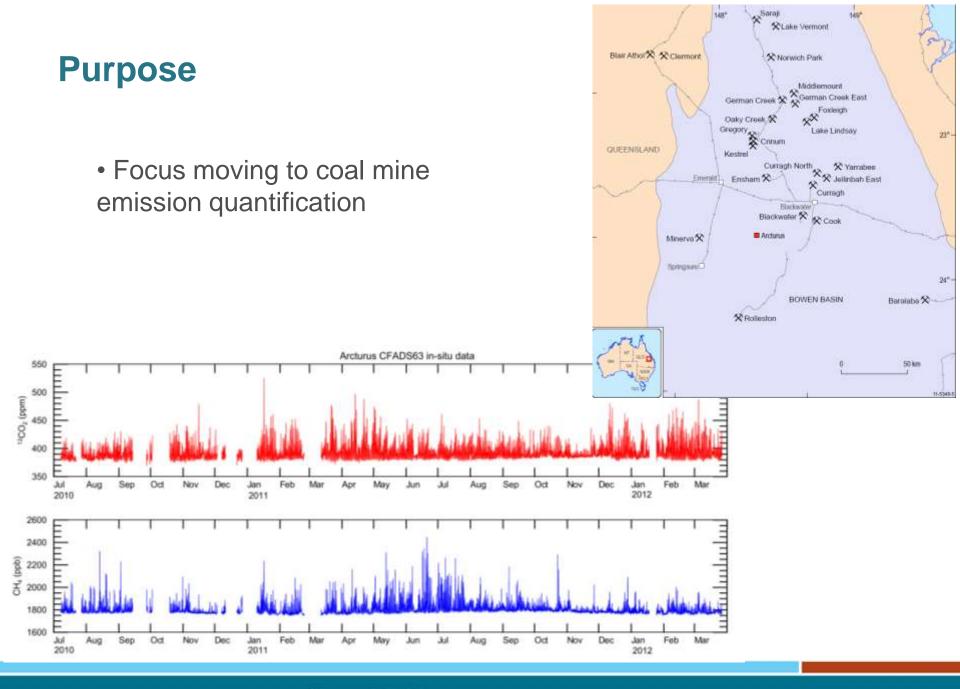
Purpose

Baseline greenhouse gas monitoring station established July 2010

(EC established April-June 2011)

Collaborative project between Geoscience Australia and CSIRO Marine and Atmospheric Research (CMAR)

- \bullet Site established in a high priority geological storage CO_2 region
- Field test newly developed GHG monitoring technology
- \bullet Demonstrate best practice for regional baseline atmospheric monitoring for geological $\rm CO_2$ storage
- Container: gas analysers continuously monitor GHGs and CO₂ isotopes (CH₄, H₂O, CO₂, ¹²C and ¹³C)
- EC to compliment these measurements



GEOSCIENCE AUSTRALIA

Commonwealth of Australia (Geoscience Australia) 2012

OzFlux Meeting 4 - 6 July 2012

Site Characteristics

- 48 km southeast of Emerald, QLD
- EC site 250 m south of GHG container
- Cropping to the east (chickpeas)
- Pasture to the west (cattle)
- Summer wet, winter dry season
- 170 m above sea level
- Mean annual precipitation 572 mm
- Soil parameters still to come

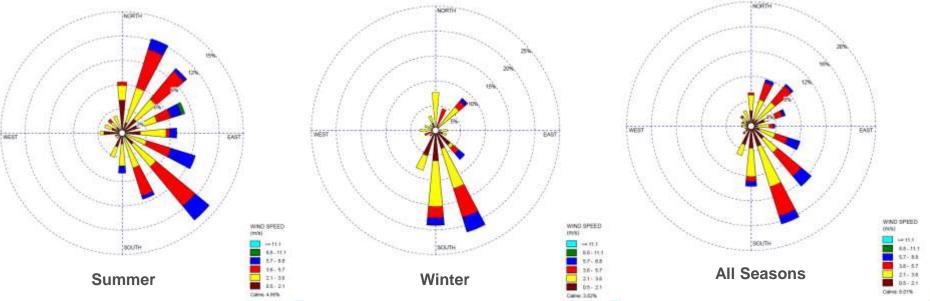




Site Characteristics

- Predominant wind directions:
 - South-south East, South East
- Nearest BOM stations:
 - Arcturus Downs 20km South
 - Wyntoon 17km West





GEOSCIENCE AUSTRALIA

Geoscience Australia) 2012

Construction (April – June 2011)





• Tower:

- Height 5.6 m
- Steel construction with winch system

Sensor direction:

 South-south East (predominant annual wind direction)

Measurement height:

- EC: 6.7 m
- Radiation: 6.7 m
- 2D wind speed/direction: 6.9 m
- Temperature/RH: 6.4 m
- Ground heat flux: 5 and 10 cm
- Soil temp: 2.5, 5 and 15 cm
- Soil moisture: 5, 15, 22 and 30 cm





GEOSCIENCE AUSTRALIA

Commonwealth of Australia (Geoscience Australia) 2012

Construction (April – June 2011)

- LI-7700 CH₄ sensor installed but still not recording!
- Telecommunications:
 - Direct Wifi connection to container site for storage of 10Hz and 30 min data
 - Data automatically downloaded to CSIRO server daily
- Power:
 - 240 W Solar panel with 2 batteries



Data Processing

- Currently have ~1 year of EC data
- Processing method used:
 - Python GUI (by Peter Isaac and James Cleverly)
 - Processed to Level 3
 - No gap-filling applied yet

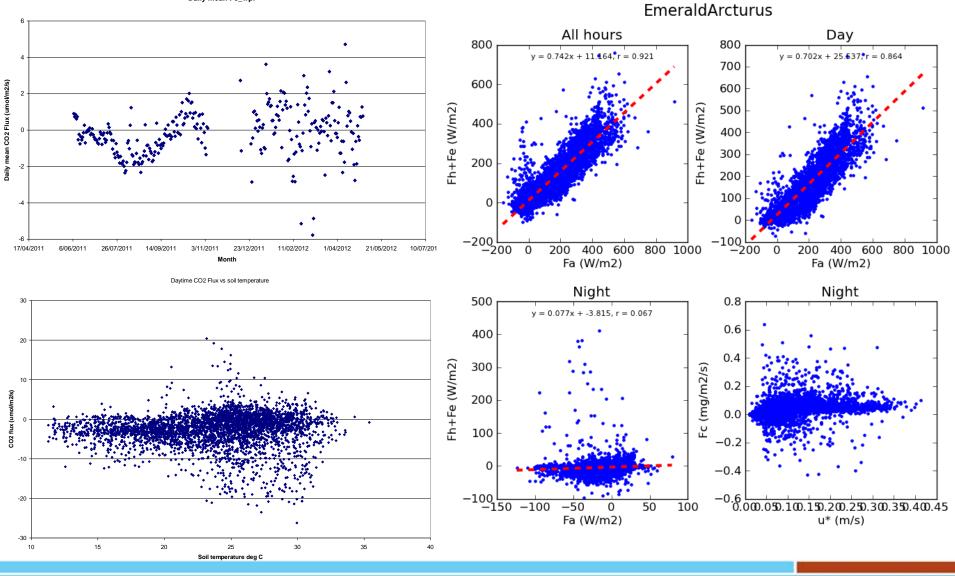


Loaded to the OzFlux/TERN website every 3-4 months

 Suggestions and advice welcome for gap-filling and data analysis methods

Preliminary Results

Daily mean Fc_wpl



GEOSCIENCE AUSTRALIA

Geoscience Australia) 2012

OzFlux Meeting 4 – 6 July 2012

Where to next?

- Get LI-7700 working (July 2012 field trip planned)
- Assess which gap-filling method to apply
- Process 10Hz data using EddyPro
- Update data-processing scripts from the Python GUI
- Have graduate processing and analysing energy and water balance results
- Analyse CO₂ flux data

 Analyse data to contribute to concentration measurements at the baseline station and the atmospheric modelling results (TAPM) i.e. contribute ecological baseline?

• Any suggestions from OzFlux members would be very much appreciated!





Australian Government

Geoscience Australia



Discussion and suggestions

Tehani Kuske

Phone: +61 2 6249 9182

Web: www.ga.gov.au

Email: tehani.kuske@ga.gov.au

Address: Cnr Jerrabomberra Avenue and Hindmarsh Drive, Symonston ACT 2609 Postal Address: GPO Box 378, Canberra ACT 2601