

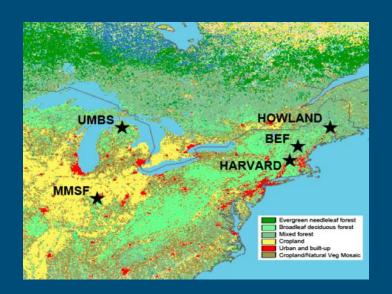
Increasing water use efficiency in northern hemisphere forests

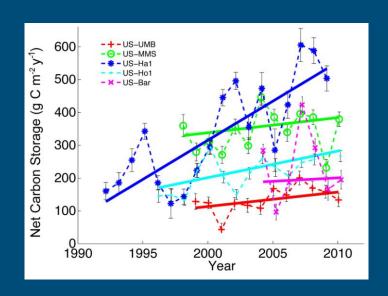
Keenan TF, Hollinger DY, Bohrer G, Dragoni D, Munger JW, Schmid HP, Richardson AD.





Long-term changes in forest carbon uptake



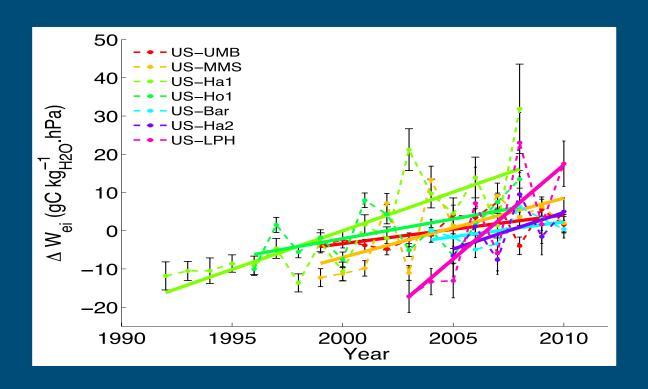


Increasing annual net C storage across the northeastern and north-central US



Long-term changes in water use efficiency

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Water use efficiency
= \begin{array}{c} ^{\mathcal{R}}CO_2 \text{ taken up through Photosynthesis} \overset{\ddot{0}}{\stackrel{\div}{e}} \\ \overset{\div}{e} & H_2O \text{ lost through Transpiration} \end{array}
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La Thuile 2007 dataset

- 251 sites from around the world
- 153 sites with freely available data
- Data up to end 2006

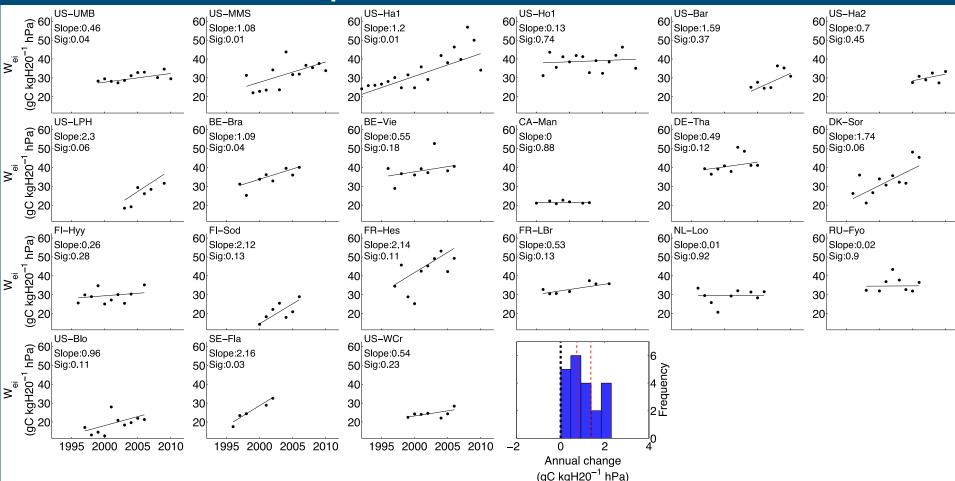
Select: Forests with 7+ years or data (31)

Exclude:

- Young forests
- Mediterranean forests
- Savannas
- Forests with known issues (1)



Long-term changes in water use efficiency in northern hemisphere forests

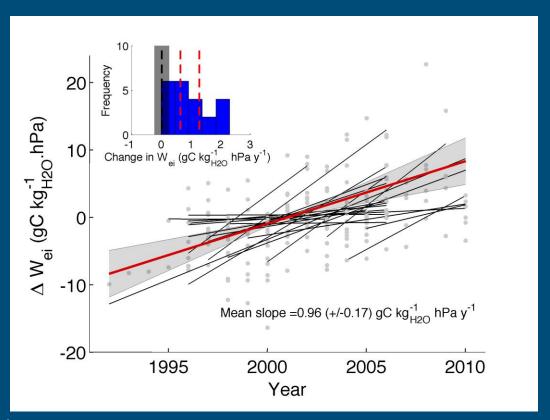






Trends in forest water use efficiency

22 globally distributed temperate and boreal forests



Keenan et al., 2013 Nature



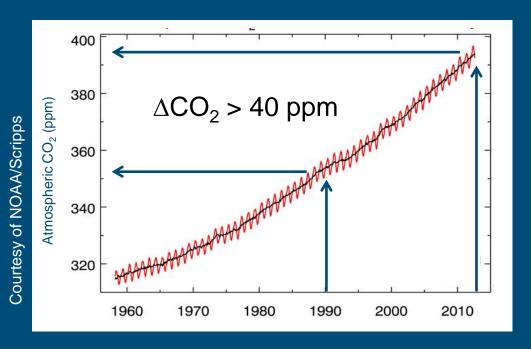
What is driving the trend?

Hypotheses:

- 1. Long term change in climate (temperature, PAR, wind)
- 2. Extension of growing season length
- Changes in nutrient deposition
- 4. Instrument degradation
- Changes in LAI
- 6. Changes in canopy height and/or surface roughness
- 7. CO₂ fertilization



CO₂ fertilization of photosynthesis





Theory: Increased atmospheric CO₂ enables

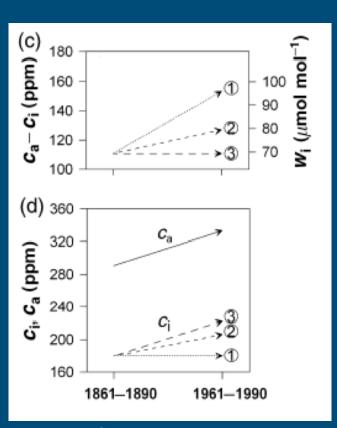
- → Higher rates of photosynthesis
- Reduced stomatal conductance
- → Reduced transpiration
- → Increased water use efficiency of photosynthesis



How is W_{ei} related to c_i ?

Water Use Effeciency = $(c_a - c_i)/1.6$

$$=> c_i = c_a$$



- $-(W_{ei})/1.6$
 - 1. C_i constant. Big increase in W_{ei} .
 - 2. C_i/C_a constant. Some increase in W_{ei} .
 - 3. C_a - C_i constant. No increase in W_{ei} .

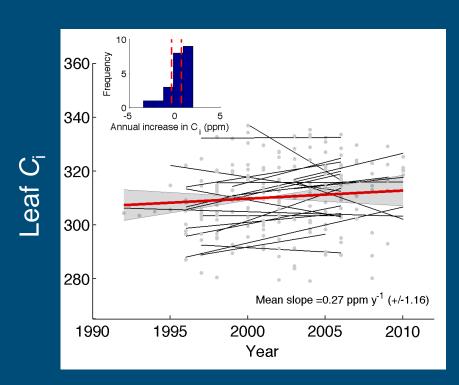
Saurer et al., 2004



Trends in leaf intercellular CO₂

Results support scenario 1:

*C*_i remains relatively constant, despite rising atmospheric CO₂.



Keenan et al., 2013 Nature



Conclusion

Clear evidence for strong increases in water use efficiency of temperate and boreal trees

Implications

- A large shift in the carbon and water based economics of terrestrial plant photosynthesis.
- 2. If a response to CO₂, results likely hold more generally because of the global nature of the C3 photosynthetic pathway.



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Thank you!



